

**Operators of Differential Dynamic Logic (dL)**

dL	Operator	Meaning
$e \geq \tilde{e}$	greater or equals	true if value of $e$ greater-or-equal to $\tilde{e}$
$\neg P$	negation / not	true if $P$ is false
$P \wedge Q$	conjunction / and	true if both $P$ and $Q$ are true
$P \vee Q$	disjunction / or	true if $P$ is true or if $Q$ is true
$P \rightarrow Q$	implication / implies	true if $P$ is false or $Q$ is true
$P \leftrightarrow Q$	bi-implication / equivalent	true if $P$ and $Q$ are both true or both false
$\forall x P$	universal quantifier / for all	true if $P$ is true for all values of variable $x$
$\exists x P$	existential quantifier / exist	true if $P$ is true for some value of variable $x$
$[\alpha]P$	$[\cdot]$ modality / box	true if $P$ is true after all runs of HP $\alpha$
$\langle \alpha \rangle P$	$\langle \cdot \rangle$ modality / diamond	true if $P$ is true after some run of HP $\alpha$

**Statements and effects of Hybrid Programs (HPs)**

HP Notation	Operation	Effect
$x := e$	discrete assignment	assigns current value of term $e$ to variable $x$
$x := *$	nondet. assignment	assigns any real value to variable $x$
$x' = f(x) \& Q$	continuous evolution	follow differential equation $x' = f(x)$ within evolution domain $Q$ for any duration
$?Q$	state test / check	test first-order formula $Q$ at current state
$\alpha; \beta$	seq. composition	HP $\beta$ starts after HP $\alpha$ finishes
$\alpha \cup \beta$	nondet. choice	choice between alternatives HP $\alpha$ or HP $\beta$
$\alpha^*$	nondet. repetition	repeats HP $\alpha$ any $n \in \mathbb{N}$ times

**Semantics of dL formula  $P$  is the set of states  $\llbracket P \rrbracket \subseteq \mathcal{S}$  in which it is true**

$$\begin{aligned}
\llbracket e \geq \tilde{e} \rrbracket &= \{ \omega \in \mathcal{S} : \omega[e] \geq \omega[\tilde{e}] \} \\
\llbracket P \wedge Q \rrbracket &= \llbracket P \rrbracket \cap \llbracket Q \rrbracket \\
\llbracket P \vee Q \rrbracket &= \llbracket P \rrbracket \cup \llbracket Q \rrbracket \\
\llbracket \neg P \rrbracket &= \llbracket P \rrbracket^c = \mathcal{S} \setminus \llbracket P \rrbracket \\
\llbracket \langle \alpha \rangle P \rrbracket &= \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket \circ \llbracket P \rrbracket = \{ \omega : \nu \in \llbracket P \rrbracket \text{ for some state } \nu \text{ such that } (\omega, \nu) \in \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket \} \\
\llbracket [\alpha] P \rrbracket &= \llbracket \neg \langle \alpha \rangle \neg P \rrbracket = \{ \omega : \nu \in \llbracket P \rrbracket \text{ for all states } \nu \text{ such that } (\omega, \nu) \in \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket \} \\
\llbracket \exists x P \rrbracket &= \{ \omega : \nu \in \llbracket P \rrbracket \text{ for some state } \nu \text{ that agrees with } \omega \text{ except on } x \} \\
\llbracket \forall x P \rrbracket &= \{ \omega : \nu \in \llbracket P \rrbracket \text{ for all states } \nu \text{ that agree with } \omega \text{ except on } x \}
\end{aligned}$$

**Semantics of HP  $\alpha$  is relation  $\llbracket \alpha \rrbracket \subseteq \mathcal{S} \times \mathcal{S}$  between initial and final states**

$$\begin{aligned}
\llbracket x := e \rrbracket &= \{ (\omega, \nu) : \nu = \omega \text{ except that } \nu[x] = \omega[e] \} \\
\llbracket ?Q \rrbracket &= \{ (\omega, \omega) : \omega \in \llbracket Q \rrbracket \} \\
\llbracket x' = f(x) \& Q \rrbracket &= \{ (\omega, \nu) : \varphi(0) = \omega \text{ except at } x' \text{ and } \varphi(r) = \nu \text{ for a solution } \\
&\quad \varphi: [0, r] \rightarrow \mathcal{S} \text{ of any duration } r \text{ satisfying } \varphi \models x' = f(x) \wedge Q \} \\
\llbracket \alpha \cup \beta \rrbracket &= \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket \cup \llbracket \beta \rrbracket \\
\llbracket \alpha; \beta \rrbracket &= \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket \circ \llbracket \beta \rrbracket = \{ (\omega, \nu) : (\omega, \mu) \in \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket, (\mu, \nu) \in \llbracket \beta \rrbracket \} \\
\llbracket \alpha^* \rrbracket &= \llbracket \alpha \rrbracket^* = \bigcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \llbracket \alpha^n \rrbracket \text{ with } \alpha^{n+1} \equiv \alpha^n; \alpha \text{ and } \alpha^0 \equiv ?true
\end{aligned}$$

**Axiomatization (dL)**

$$\boxed{\langle \cdot \rangle} \langle \alpha \rangle P \leftrightarrow \neg [\alpha] \neg P$$

$$\boxed{:=} [x := e] p(x) \leftrightarrow p(e)$$

$$\boxed{?} [?Q] P \leftrightarrow (Q \rightarrow P)$$

$$\boxed{!} [x' = f(x)] p(x) \leftrightarrow \forall t \geq 0 [x := y(t)] p(x) \quad (y'(t) = f(y))$$

$$\boxed{\cup} [\alpha \cup \beta] P \leftrightarrow [\alpha] P \wedge [\beta] P$$

$$\boxed{;} [\alpha; \beta] P \leftrightarrow [\alpha][\beta] P$$

$$\boxed{*} [\alpha^*] P \leftrightarrow P \wedge [\alpha][\alpha^*] P$$

$$\boxed{\boxtimes} [\alpha](P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow ([\alpha]P \rightarrow [\alpha]Q)$$

$$\boxed{\boxplus} [\alpha^*] P \leftrightarrow P \wedge [\alpha^*](P \rightarrow [\alpha]P)$$

$$\boxed{\nabla} p \rightarrow [\alpha]p$$

$$(FV(p) \cap BV(\alpha) = \emptyset)$$

$$\boxed{M \cdot} \frac{P \rightarrow Q}{[\alpha]P \rightarrow [\alpha]Q}$$

$$\boxed{G} \frac{P}{[\alpha]P}$$

**Differential equation axioms**

$$\boxed{DW} [x' = f(x) \& Q] P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](Q \rightarrow P)$$

$$\boxed{DI} ([x' = f(x) \& Q] P \leftrightarrow [?Q] P) \leftarrow (Q \rightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q](P)')$$

$$\boxed{DC} ([x' = f(x) \& Q] P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q \wedge C] P) \leftarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q] C$$

$$\boxed{DE} [x' = f(x) \& Q] P \leftrightarrow [x' = f(x) \& Q][x' := f(x)] P$$

$$\boxed{DG} [x' = f(x) \& Q] P \leftrightarrow \exists y [x' = f(x), y' = a(x) \cdot y + b(x) \& Q] P$$

$$\boxed{+}' (e + k)' = (e)' + (k)'$$

$$\boxed{\cdot}' (e \cdot k)' = (e)' \cdot k + e \cdot (k)'$$

$$\boxed{c}' (c())' = 0$$

(for numbers or constants  $c()$ )

$$\boxed{x}' (x)' = x'$$

(for variable  $x \in \mathcal{V}$ )

**Differential equation proof rules**

$$\boxed{dW} \frac{Q \vdash P}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] P, \Delta}$$

$$\boxed{dI} \frac{Q \vdash [x' := f(x)](F)'}{F \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] F}$$

$$\boxed{dC} \frac{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] C, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& (Q \wedge C)] P, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q] P, \Delta}$$

**Sequent calculus proof rules**

$$\begin{array}{l}
\boxed{\neg R} \frac{\Gamma, P \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \neg P, \Delta} \quad \boxed{\wedge R} \frac{\Gamma \vdash P, \Delta \quad \Gamma \vdash Q, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash P \wedge Q, \Delta} \quad \boxed{\vee R} \frac{\Gamma \vdash P, Q, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash P \vee Q, \Delta} \\
\boxed{\neg I} \frac{\Gamma \vdash P, \Delta}{\Gamma, \neg P \vdash \Delta} \quad \boxed{\wedge I} \frac{\Gamma, P, Q \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, P \wedge Q \vdash \Delta} \quad \boxed{\vee I} \frac{\Gamma, P \vdash \Delta \quad \Gamma, Q \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, P \vee Q \vdash \Delta} \\
\boxed{\rightarrow R} \frac{\Gamma, P \vdash Q, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash P \rightarrow Q, \Delta} \quad \boxed{id} \frac{}{\Gamma, P \vdash P, \Delta} \quad \boxed{WR} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash P, \Delta} \\
\boxed{\rightarrow I} \frac{\Gamma \vdash P, \Delta \quad \Gamma, Q \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, P \rightarrow Q \vdash \Delta} \quad \boxed{cut} \frac{\Gamma \vdash C, \Delta \quad \Gamma, C \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \Delta} \quad \boxed{WI} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, P \vdash \Delta} \\
\boxed{\forall R} \frac{\Gamma \vdash p(y), \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \forall x p(x), \Delta} \quad (y \notin \Gamma, \Delta, \forall x p(x)) \quad \boxed{\exists R} \frac{\Gamma \vdash p(e), \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash \exists x p(x), \Delta} \quad (\text{arbitrary term } e) \\
\boxed{\forall I} \frac{\Gamma, p(e) \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, \forall x p(x) \vdash \Delta} \quad (\text{arbitrary term } e) \quad \boxed{\exists I} \frac{\Gamma, p(y) \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, \exists x p(x) \vdash \Delta} \quad (y \notin \Gamma, \Delta, \exists x p(x)) \\
\boxed{CER} \frac{\Gamma \vdash C(Q), \Delta \quad \vdash P \leftrightarrow Q}{\Gamma \vdash C(P), \Delta} \quad \boxed{=R} \frac{\Gamma, x = e \vdash p(e), \Delta}{\Gamma, x = e \vdash p(x), \Delta} \\
\boxed{CEL} \frac{\Gamma, C(Q) \vdash \Delta \quad \vdash P \leftrightarrow Q}{\Gamma, C(P) \vdash \Delta} \quad \boxed{=I} \frac{\Gamma, x = e, p(e) \vdash \Delta}{\Gamma, x = e, p(x) \vdash \Delta}
\end{array}$$

**Derived axioms and derived rules**

$$\begin{array}{l}
\boxed{\wedge'} (P \wedge Q)' \leftrightarrow (P)' \wedge (Q)' \\
\boxed{\vee'} (P \vee Q)' \leftrightarrow (P)' \vee (Q)' \\
\boxed{[\wedge]} [\alpha](P \wedge Q) \leftrightarrow [\alpha]P \wedge [\alpha]Q \\
\boxed{[\ast]} [\alpha^*]P \leftrightarrow P \wedge [\alpha^*][\alpha]P \\
\boxed{[\ast']} [\alpha^*; \alpha^*]P \leftrightarrow [\alpha^*]P \\
\boxed{:=} \frac{\Gamma, y = e \vdash p(y), \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash [x := e]p(x), \Delta} \quad (y \text{ new}) \\
\boxed{iG} \frac{\Gamma \vdash [y := e]p, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash p, \Delta} \quad (y \text{ new}) \\
\boxed{dG} \frac{\Gamma \vdash \exists y [x' = f(x), y' = a(x) \cdot y + b(x) \& Q]P, \Delta}{\Gamma \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]P, \Delta} \\
\boxed{d\Delta} \frac{\vdash J \leftrightarrow \exists y G \quad G \vdash [x' = f(x), y' = a(x) \cdot y + b(x) \& Q]G}{J \vdash [x' = f(x) \& Q]J}
\end{array}$$